



## THE DAILY NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1877.  
JOHN W. DURHAM, JOHN D. CAMERON, Editors.  
JORDAN STONE, Associate Editor.  
THE DAILY NEWS is the Only Paper in the City of Raleigh That Takes the Telegraphic Reports.

### OUR TERMS:

ADVERTISING. — For square (ten lines) \$1.00; first insertion \$1.00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents. Contracts for advertisements of any space or time can be made at the counting-room of the NEWS OFFICE.

CONTRACTORS will not be allowed to exceed their space, or advertise other than the legitimate business, except by paying specially for the same.

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### Notice to Correspondents.

No letter can be published in these columns which is not authenticated by the name of its author. This we require, not for publication, but as a guarantee of the good faith of correspondents. Persons who violate this rule will have their communications consigned to the waste-basket.

Mr. TURNER has withheld the affidavit of Mr. Parks, but undertakes to hold its substance over our heads as a sword of Damocles. We have no fears of its production. The charge that we desired the nomination for the Convention is so shadowy that it has misled no one in Orange, except Mr. Turner, who has adopted this pretext to account in some degree for the opposition to him in the county. He will find at the meeting at Cedar Grove some more substantial ground of opposition which he can, if he will, trace directly to his own acts.

### THE MONROE ENQUIRER.

This valuable weekly edited by Mr. William C. Wolfe, has just entered upon the third year of its existence. It has aimed at success and it has achieved it. It is, what it claims to be, high toned, outspoken and reliable. It has never failed in any of these essentials of journalism, and ought therefore to be a welcome visitor to every family in the intelligent section in which it circulates, as well as a valuable resource to the politician and general reader everywhere.

The Sentinel has replied to the charge of "Patron," denying that he had ever been connected in any way with the alleged attempts to bribe Mr. Atwater. Mr. Turner says that he had never heard of the transaction until brought forward by "Patron." It will strike his readers as very singular that Mr. Turner, so apt to pick up the minutest details of the acts of others, should be so ignorant of what concerns himself. The allegation has been no secret in Orange. It has been freely canvassed since the day of election.

But "Patron" is able to take care of himself, and as he is put on his veracity, no doubt can make his charge good.

### CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

We are glad to learn that the County Convention on Saturday, held in Fayetteville, has made most excellent and discreet selections. Mr. Jos. Worth is a brother of Governor W. W., and is a gentleman of sound head and inquisitive principles; of clear and practical judgment, and well calculated to make a most useful member. Mr. Neill R. Blue is a farmer, with all that clear-headedness, sound sense, and sterling integrity so characteristic of the Scotch population of Cumberland—a people which has preserved, unimpaired its marked features of honesty, morality, one of education, and attachment to country.

We congratulate Cumberland upon her selections, and feel safe in predicting victory.

The endorsement of the administration by the Pennsylvania Republican Convention, intended only as a salve to the wounded vanity of the President for the declaration against the third term, is taken in dead earnest. "The record of Grant," says the National Republican, "has been acceptable beyond his most sanguine expectations." So say his office-holders, who have been retained when the whole country saw their unfitness; acceptable to carpet-baggers, who in recompense for loud mouthed loyalty, preyed upon the South without fear of interruption; acceptable to Congressmen who, upholding the unconstitutional measures of the President were sure of the approval of their schemes of robbery, or the reward of lucrative appointments; and acceptable to the President himself in the increase of his private fortune and in his immunity for wrong doing. But acceptable to the people, not at all, or the Republican party at the North could never have been shattered as it has been. The Democratic majority in the next

Congress speak more decidedly than almost anything else that the administration is condemned. It would be superfluous to say that if it had been acceptable, its partisans would have adhered to it in the contests which have lately tried the strength of parties.

Grant withdraws from the third term contest because his administration is not approved. If it had been, the long proved servility of his party would have backed him up noisily in his ambitious aspiration.

### THE THIRD TERM.

Grant's letter has more of the ring of self denial about it than be is likely to get credit for. No one doubts that if it had chimed in with the policy of his party, he would have found a third nomination as agreeable to him as his second was the second. No one can doubt that the pulse of the country has been industriously felt during the last two years. No one can have been blind to the insinuating suggestions of the National Republican, the Graphic, and other pliant tools to the would-be dictator. It is only the restiveness of the party, as shown in the election of New England and the late emphatic pronouncement from Pennsylvania, that the President has announced his role of moderation, and his readiness to retire from the cares of office.

We left Raleigh on a beautiful morning, just in good time to reach Auburn, N. Y., during the session of the American Association of Surgeons, of which Mr. T. C. M. is president. It will be understood that the immediate end of our journey was the gathering of information in regard to the Asylums of this country that were operated most successfully and economically, and the determination of a suitable plan for our own new institution.

It is greatly to be desired that all the comfort and convenience which can be secured by well considered plans for the hospital should be available to our command, as even a small annual salary will be of vast importance as the years roll on. No trouble should therefore be spared to start right in an undertaking of such magnitude. Fortunately, the experience and sagacity of the present Superintendent of the Insane Asylum of North Carolina has been at the command of this Commission, by a vote of the Legislature to position of the Board. He accompanied our party to represent our own institution at the meeting of Superintendents.

The trip to poor old, long-suffering and much abused Weldon was without special interest, except the gratifying endeavor of improvement along the lines.

As for our friends of Bridgewater, the fruit growers, it was well to see their fine orchards, though they have not yet fruit; another longer period of expectancy after so much faithful toil. Grapes, however, will be much better than was feared for some time.

A ride on the Seaboard Road to Portsmouth is a luxury. The trains run rapidly on steel rails, and the eighty miles of distance from the Roanoke vanish as by magic. Boyce, Danville, and Lynchburg are quite a town, and indeed there is evidence of progress all along the line. On the train we met an old friend and brother of the press, Mr. Campbell, who edits in Suffolk the only paper of a political character west of Portsmouth in that section. He said that the entire territory to the ancient and hospitable town is rapidly improving with new farms. Every foot of ground here is familiar to many a North Carolinian who spent days and nights of anxious watching in the long and weary duel of picket life. Strangers are rapidly settling this region, and changing the character of its industries.

Many of our readers will be glad to hear that the Magnolia Sulphur Springs, once the resort of fashion and gaiety, are the day of declining Virginia hospitality, will shortly be placed in good order, and re-opened as a summer resort. The Springs are immediately on the Railroad, and have for many years been silent and desolate.

Approaching Portsmouth, one is struck by the sight of immense truck farms, and great crops of valuable products, except, when the season is over. In Virginia, we found that almost universal satisfaction was expressed at the change of law which required stock to be cared for, and allows the farmer to save the great annual cost of fencing and repairs. Whatever opinion might be entertained as to the economy in feeding by green-sowing, instead of pasture, farmers freely expressed a confidence that their land was growing better from year to year, with their present advantages for saving and applying manure, and also that the character of their live stock was improving because it would not pay to keep and feed poor animals.

There has always been a spirit of progress in this section. Thirty years ago they introduced an admirable system of Bankers in Norto, N. C., which has been a fountain of blessings ever since.

It grows dark, we strike the edge of the Dismal Swamp, rest by the old green ponds, and the remains of Huger's lines, and run with measured clang and roll down the High Street of venerable Portsmouth. This fine old Virginia town celebrated its centenary twenty-three years ago, and it is the boast of your correspondent to be present.

Pacification is a matter of wise policy, and it should become one of sentiment. Northern soldiers have led the way at Memphis and elsewhere in a magnanimous respect to the Confederate dead. The Southern soldier has no right to be behind them. The soldiers respect each other as soldiers obeying the calls of their respective sections, fighting with all their might when duty called, laying down their arms and amanities together.

We must look to a day of perfect reconciliation. Even the most embittered can never look forward to another armed struggle, and the more prudent and thoughtful look to permanent prosperity only through perfect harmony and the restoration of good feeling.

Even the hostile organization of

the Grand Army of the Republic, has already abated its hostility and can look upon the soldier of the South with friendly eye. If this soldier can be reconciled, the civilian will be compelled to yield. The embers of hate have been kept alive by the last, and the result has proved that the non-combatant of the last war is no more a fit exponent of the temper of the nation than he has proved fit to manage its complicated affairs. The government of the soldier, uninfluenced by the counsels of fire-side warriors would long ago have brought peace. Let the brotherhood of the soldier of the North and the South bring it about now without any unwise interference for the day.

Gliding down the beautiful Harbor past the lights of the Naval Hospital and agents made classic by the struggles of the war of 1812, no less than of 1861, we leave Craney Island behind us, to rock on the bosom of Hampton Roads. The sky is now very dark, and a dismal roar of wind and rain is all we hear. So much the more cheery is the scene below when supper is announced, with light and flowers, and everything that can tempt appetite. Soft crabs and clams, fresh tomatoes of this season from Bermuda and strawberries from the far South. Did any traveller ever fare better than on the Bay Line in this country? Certainly not. We have the first of the first hotel of the citizen, nor the finest hotel on the Hudson.

At this point it may be understood that the heavy swell began with the storm that beat over us, and from the speedy vacating of cabins, and retirement to private life, on the part of not a few, it may be as well to close for the day.

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THE LOCAL ELECTION IN VIRGINIA.—The local elections throughout the State seem on the whole to have been satisfactory. Here and there independent candidates have run themselves in, but in the majority of cases they were elected rather because the people of all classes believed they would be good officers than because they were independent. In many parts of the State indeed the candidates seem to have been chosen to represent the interests in regard to offices not political, and their Radical opponents often justify it by accepting candidates well known to be conservative.

That this latter fact at last exists is of good omen, and we may now hope that progress in this direction may be rapid, so that before long we may take from the area of the party political matters which never belonged there but which the conservatives were forced in self defense to treat as political.—Norfolk Virginian.

THE COLORED CADET AT WEST POINT.—The only colored cadet now at West Point is Phippin, of Georgia, who is in the third class, composed of eighty-five cadets; stands forty-sixth. A correspondent of the New York Times says: "All concede that Phippin is getting along finely, though there are those who believe he will never graduate. We are told that no colored cadet will be allowed to graduate in the same class with the white class, but there he will be slaughtered." James Smith, the other colored cadet, who failed to pass the examination last year, has recently been appointed Inspector of the militia of South Carolina.

It is greatly to be desired that all the comfort and convenience which can be secured by well considered plans for the hospital should be available to our command, as even a small annual salary will be of vast importance as the years roll on. No trouble should therefore be spared to start right in an undertaking of such magnitude. Fortunately, the experience and sagacity of the present Superintendent of the Insane Asylum of North Carolina has been at the command of this Commission, by a vote of the Legislature to position of the Board. He accompanied our party to represent our own institution at the meeting of Superintendents.

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THE GRANGE HOTEL.

TAKE this method of informing my friends of the public that I will be at the GRANGE HOTEL formerly City Hotel, where I will take the best care of man and beast.

—SIMON HAYS.

THE NATIONAL HOTEL.

Delightfully Situated, next to Capitol Square,

RALEIGH, N. C.

A NEW HOUSE.

Fine Rooms, Well Furnished and

Fitted up in the Best Style.

ATTENTIVE SERVANTS.

At the Table daily supplied with the best and other Markets afford.

3. S. BROWN, Proprietor.

late of the Boyden House, Salisbury, April 1st

DRY GOODS.

I M P O R T A N T.

Customers Look to Your Interest.

A CREECH.

Is the man who has no partner in business to divide profits with, that at the case he can, will and does Sell Goods at

Astonishingly Low Prices.

Spring and Summer opening of New Goods at A. CREECH's you will find a

Splendid Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

Black, Green, Gray and Fawn Silks, Japanese Silks, Japanese Satin, Red and Colored Poplins, New and Handwoven Shades, Linen, Black and Colored Alpacas, Mohairs, Linen and Victorian Linens, Percales, Pique, And other Styles of

DRESS GOODS.

Which will be sold at such low prices, that cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.

april 4-8-11

NEW SPRING GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

D. S. WAITT & BRO., Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS IN

READY MADE CLOTHING

FOR MEN, YOUTH'S and CHILDREN.

Lates Styles and Prices Low.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as the Administrator of Mrs. Emily L. Smith, deceased, I give notice to all friends and relatives to come to the funeral service to be held in the First Presbyterian Church, on Friday evening, May 19, at 7 P. M. at the home of the deceased.

At 10 o'clock on Saturday morning, May 20, at the same place, the interment will be made in the cemetery of the deceased.

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## NORTH CAROLINA.

The Democratic Nominating Convention for Duplin will meet on the 19th inst.

The Charlotte *Democrat* learns that arrangements will soon be made for the continuing of the publication of the *Concord Sun*, recently published by Chas. F. Harris, dec'd.

The Charlotte *Democrat* is pictured as knowing that Judge Schuck, is sincere towards those who use pistols and knives, unless strictly in self defense.

The Democratic Executive Committee of Wayne county will meet at the *Messenger* office on the 9th inst., for the purpose of agreeing upon a plan of organization for the Convention Campagna.

The Newbern *Times* of Saturday has a very temperate article on the various assaults made by the Washington *Advertiser* upon the Mecklenburg County *Advertiser*. They say the *Advertiser* was not a party affair, and that "the Republican goes the Republicans of North Carolina in a serious injury" in the language it refers to.

parties can participate, fixing the length of time or the number of terms for which any one person shall be eligible for the office of President. Until such an amendment is adopted the people cannot be restricted in their choice by resolutions further than they are now restricted in the future history of the country that to change an Executive because he has been eight years in office will prove unfortunate, if not disastrous. The idea that any man could elect himself President, or even to renounce it, is preposterous. It is a reflection upon the intelligence and the wisdom of the people to suppose such a thing possible. Any man can destroy his chances for the office but *Loome* can force an election, or even a nomination.

To recapitulate: I am not, nor have I ever been, a candidate for a renomination. I would not accept a nomination if it were tendered, unless it should come under such circumstances as to make it an imperative duty of the people not only to arise. I congratulate the convention over which you presided for the harmony which prevailed, and for the excellent ticket put in the field, and which I hope may be triumphant and elected. With great respect, your obedient servant,

U. S. GRANT.

To General Harry White, President Pennsylvania Republican State Convention.

The spelling epidemic which has prevailed so widely for several months past all over the country has naturally brought forth from men of various degrees many orthographic essays and dissertations; besides some fierce assaults upon the entire English method of constructing words. The fact of the number of words ever created is, however, specially levitated. But it is also urged that, while a few simplifications of our orthography are desirable, phonetic spelling, so called, in an impracticable delusion, and that many of the suggestions for a new spelling would only throw the language into confusion. An eloquent writer, after a striking analysis of our language as now constructed, says: "The only way to get rid of the confusion is to get rid of the language." The *Advertiser* has, however, come to the front having figured quite prominently in Batture and elsewhere. We are anxious under the name of Rev. W. E. Bogden. He was arrested in New Orleans, but being paroled made his escape and has not since been heard of. He is a scoundrel of the first order.

The Charlotte *Democrat*, referring to the case of President Buford before Judge Schuck on last Saturday says: "It is due to the attorney who appeared for the State to say that they did but a few hours in which to prepare for the arguing of the matter, while Messrs. Marshall and Ashe have been studying the question for one or two years, and have heretofore made arguments on the gauge question as follows:

"Nothing would be less consonant to the whole spirit of this literature than an attenuated and meagre orthography, whether coquettish and barbaric, applied to its most refined parts. We are not yet prepared to surrender the associations of our language to the needs of commerce and statistics, which may invent their own short-hand methods if they desire, provided their devices are kept from literature in all its wherethere utterances."

The Cleveland *Leader* says that a man in that city who prides himself upon his apparent inability to light a remove a small spot from his coat, is the oddest spot in the world. And standing near the stove that the odor might evaporate more quickly. He was soon turning cart wheel through the window, and there was not enough coat tail left to make a "weeble" for a doll baby. He does not ride horseback now, and sleeps on fours like a mule.

While we are opposed to regard

the gauge of the great central line of Railway in North Carolina, we do not think that Col. Balfour can be justly censured for the part he has taken in the matter, for he is only doing his duty as President of the line from Atlanta to Richmond by endeavoring to get through the best possible gauge, so as to bring it to a point of light and shade, and the soft and insinuating melody of its words, affluence of sentences, easy linging methods and abundant luxuriance of phrase and expression concludes as follows:

"The Mineral waters embrace

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**TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.**  
THE DAILY NEWS IS THE ONLY PAPER IN RALEIGH THAT TAKES THE TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS, AND IS THE ONLY ONE THAT PURIFIES THE LATEST NEWS AND MARKET REPORTS.

**NOON DISPATCHES.**

**Question of Privilege in the British Parliament.**

LONDON, June 1.—The House of Commons resumed the question of privilege. The motion offered by the Marquis of Hartington on May the 6th was taken up. It was to the effect that the House should not sustain any complaint with respect to the publication of proceedings except in cases of willful misrepresentation, or where publication is prohibited, and that strangers shall not be obliged to withdraw unless disorderly or by special direction of the House. This motion was negatived. Mr. Disraeli then moved that if attention is called by any member to the present question, that the House shall decide by a division whether they should withdraw; furthermore, that the Speaker be empowered to order their withdrawal whenever he thinks fit. Mr. Disraeli's motion was unanimously adopted.

A meeting of the Conservative members of Parliament was held at the residence of Mr. Disraeli to-day, when an understanding was arrived at as to the general policy of the government on the question of privilege. No reporters were present.

**The Baltimore and Ohio R. R. and the Postmaster General.**

PITTSBURG, June 1.—President Garrott, when interviewed in Chicago a few days ago, was reported to have said that the Post Master General had written to the effect that the Pennsylvania Company did not carry the mails in the Baltimore and Ohio cars over their new Division (the Post Master General) would withdraw all Western mails from the P. R. R. When Scott saw the statement, seemingly so, and although made by Mr. Garrott, he wrote to the Post Master General asking him for the facts in the case, and received yesterday the following reply:

WASHINGTON, May 31, 1875.

To Hon. T. A. Scott:

I reply to you of the twenty eighth, that would state that I have written no letter to B. & O. R. R. Co., to the effect that I would withdraw the Western mails from your road. I have written no letter except one transmitting a copy of Mr. Kneass' letter of May 19th, in which I made no statement. I learn from Mr. Garrott, who is here, that the newspaper is correct in its conversation is incorrect.

—  
MARSHALL JEWELL,  
Post Master General.

**Arrest of Bond Forgers.**  
PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Picker-  
ton's agency arrested to-day Jas. H. Gav, W. J. Stevenson and Peter Burns, charged in connection with Robt. Wishart, who is reported in custody in New York, with having been implicated in the bond for Chicago and North Western R. C. which were traced to Geo. F. Hill, whose arrest in connection with the Safeguard Insurance trouble took place in December last. The parties were placed in twenty five thousand dollar bail. A woman is also under arrest for dealing in forged and stolen bonds. Three one thousand dollar bonds in the name of Mr. O'Donnell of Raleigh, N. C., being found in his possession.

**Failure of Iron Companies.**  
LONDON, June 1st.—The Aberdeen Iron Company has failed. Liabilities seven hundred and fifty thousand pounds. Nominal assets 980,000 pounds. This total valuation of the works together with those of the Plymouth Iron Co. which is in con-  
cern with Aberdeen Company. This failure involves Sanderson & Co. bill brokers, and Gilhead A. Smith. Their liabilities are placed at six hundred thousand pounds for a greater part of which their creditors hold securities. Jas. Dawbrow is also involved. The latter's liabilities are estimated at thirty four thousand pounds and assets twenty five thousand pounds.

**Miscellaneous Items.**

A dwelling was burnt yesterday at Maxwell, Ontario, and three children perished in the flames.

Mr. Cantiff Owen and Col. Stewart Sanford, English Commissioners to the Centennial, have reached Philadelphia.

Monsignor Roncetti and Dr. Al-  
bade, Papal Envys, have reached Milwaukee to participate in the cere-  
mony of bestowing the Pallium upon  
Archbishop Henrie, which takes place Thursday next.

Commissioner Pratt has requested the resignation of Wadsworth, Col-  
lector of Internal Revenue at Chicago, for the good of the service.

A mail bag was picked up in the river at Savannah with the mail from Charleston to Jacksonville. The letter had all been rifled.

**MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.**

**National Temperance Association.**

CHICAGO, June 1st.—The Conven-  
tion of the National Temperance As-  
sociation began this morning.—  
Among the delegates are Miss Welch-  
ley, of New York, and Mrs. Denman, President of the New Eng-  
land Temperance Union. Vice Presi-  
dent Wilson delivered the opening address, after which a letter of greeting from Schuyler Colfax was read.

Hon. Hiram Price, of Davenport, was chosen President, and Hon. Josiah Nye, of New Hampshire, first Vice President. The other Vice Presidents representing various States of the Union. The Vice Presidents at large were elected as follows: W. E. Dodge, Schuyler, Colfax, Henry Wilson, Mrs. Jennie Willing, Rev. John Russell, Thos. B. Hunt and Mrs. Mary Livermore. Jno. N. Sterns was elected Secretary. In the afternoon session the most of the delegates were present and listened to an address of welcome from Rev. A. E. Kittredge of Chicago.

**Miscellaneous Items.**

Two hundred houses were destroyed by fire in Cabanal, Spain.

The Abenore Iron Company fall-  
en in Scotland, which has already been in a state of employment to 5,000 people. Several other small failures announced.

Chas. W. Sergeant, Secretary of the New Hampshire Historical Society and Cashier of a bank, committed suicide yesterday. No cause assigned other than insanity.

Many forest fires are reported in Sullivan and Delaware counties, New York. Several villages have been abandoned and one life was lost.

**FROM WASHINGTON.**

Another Indian Conference—Red Cloud and Spotted Tail Speeching.—The Indians Agree to Take \$25,000 for the Black Hills—the Debt Statement—the Southern Memorial Association and other things.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Another Indian Conference was held to-day. Speeches were made by Red Cloud, Spotted Tail and others. The latter told the Indians that the Government would give them \$25,000 for their hunting privileges in Nebraska, and if they did not accept that they might as well cease talking. After considerable discussion among the Indians, they agreed to accept the proposition, though the great chiefs express doubt as to whether their right is given up before any signature is given. They hope to have another talk with their Great Father, the President. Spotted Tail said he wanted the twenty five thousand this afternoon. The money will be expended in buying presents for them.

The debt statement issued to-day shows a reduction last month of \$10,456, decreasing the debt since June 30, 1874, \$12,968,265. The balance is in currency \$4,355,107, coin \$84,257,602, specie deposits held for redemption of certificates of deposit \$55,345,000. The Government disbursements during May aggregated \$15,381,783, exclusive of payments on the interest on the principal of the public debt.

A. M. F. Davis, chief Clerk of Department of Justice, has resigned. No successor yet appointed.

The President will leave for Long Branch on Thursday next.

The Southern Memorial Association to day decorated the graves of the Confederate dead at Arlington, two hundred and thirty-three in number. A large number of men present from this city and the adjoining towns. After a prayer by Dr. Elliott, of the Ascension Episcopal Church, the assemblage proceeded to the portion of the grounds where rest the Confederate dead and proceeded to decorate the graves. Doctor Garnett stated that same letters had been received from Richmond, Winchester, and other places, etc. P. O. M. read that the Hollywood Memorial Association of Richmond, regretting the inability of the Association to attend, and forwarded an elegant floral anchor. There was no speech making and the ceremony was exceedingly impressive and solemn.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day made a call for the redemption of ten million coupon bonds for the Syndicate.

The Through Mail Between New York and Washington.—The fight between Scott and Garrett.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The Postmaster General having advised the Pa. R. R. Company that the Department was satisfied with the present arrangements for postal car service nor Scott replied yesterday that as the Pa. R. R. did not desire to use Mr. Garrett's cars between New York and Philadelphia, the Postmaster General would prefer to transfer at West Point, one of their own cars and sent to New York on the regular train. The mails were accordingly so transferred to-day, occupying about nine minutes and causing no delay. Mr. Scott has also offered, if the mails are sent by the Baltimore and Philadelphia and Postmaster General will prefer to transfer and thus expedite the transportation of the through mails between Washington and New York by over an hour, without additional compensation. In this way the mails would go by a continuous steam route on fast trains.

Important Decision by the U. S. District Court.

NEW YORK, June 1.—At the opening of the U. S. District Court to day before Judge Benedict, in the suit brought by Wm. F. Herbert against General Butler for a share in a Counsel fee of twenty thousand dollars, paid Butler by G. B. Lamar, Judge Benedict said it was clear to his mind that the plaintiff had not thoroughly established his case and he therefore instructed the Jury to find a verdict for defendant, which they did.

The total loss of the fire at Springfield, Mass., is \$550,000. Insurance about \$450,000.

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**

DR. GEORGE W. GRAHAM,  
Raleigh, N. C.

Practices limited to the Eye, Ear and Throat, once per week, Lee & Co's Drug Store appt-15

H. C. RICHARDSON,  
Attorney at Law,  
DURHAM, N. C.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Raleigh, N. C.

Practices in all the State Courts, in the State and Federal Courts, and in the U. S. Circuit Courts connected with recent State Legislation Office, two doors above Yarbo House, appt-15

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
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Practices in the Courts of the 2nd and 5th Judicial Districts; also the Supreme and Federal Courts of this State. my 4-15

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Practices in the Courts of the 5th Judicial District, the Supreme Court of the State and the Federal Court. appt-15

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BUNN & WILLIAMS,  
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Practices in the Supreme Court of the State and the Federal Court. appt-15

FRESH ARRIVAL,  
Fresh Pine Apples,  
Fresh Oranges,  
Fresh Lemons,  
Fresh Bananas,  
Fresh Apples,  
Noda and Mineral Water,  
MOSELEY'S

appt-15 and Sunday afternoons.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.

Practices in the Supreme Court of the State and the Federal Court at Raleigh appt-15

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